Applying FAIPA in solving nonlinear complementarity problem

Mazorche, Sandro R.^a

^a Departamento de Matemática, Universidade Federal de Juiz de Fora, Rua José Lourenço Kelmer, s/n - Campus Universitário Bairro São Pedro - CEP: 36036-900 - Juiz de Fora - MG. sandro.mazorche@ufjf.edu.br

We discuss the computational implementation of the FAIPA complementarity problem to solve non-linear. The FAIPA is an interior point algorithm for minimizing a nonlinear function with equality and inequality constraints. The algorithm requires a starting point x_0 within the region defined by the restrictions inequalities, generating a sequence of points also within this region. Through a new update rule for lambda and the matrix B in algorithm FAIPA the search direction obtained by FAIPA system will generate a sequence of points inside the feasible region converging the solution of the Nonlinear Complementarity. We will see the advantages that provides FAIPA when using this new update and a set of test problems verify the efficiency of this method over other types of algorithms that are used to solve problems of non-linear complementarity.

Referências

- J. Herskovits, "A Feasible Directions Interior Point Technique for Nonlinear Optimization", JOTA - Journal of Optimization Theory and Applications, Vol. 99, No 1, pp. 121-146, October, 1998
- [2] J. Herskovits, and G. Santos, "Feasible Arc Interior Point Algorithm for Nonlinear Optimization". Fourth World Congress on Computational Mechanics, (in CD-ROM), Buenos Aires, Argentina, June/July, 1998
- [3] J. Herskovits, S. Mazorche A feasible directions algorithm for nonlinear complementarity problems and aplications in mechanics, Struct Multidise Optim, 2009 37: 435-446.
- [4] Sandro R. Mazorche, Algoritmos para Problemas de Complementaridade não Linear. 2007. 132f. Tese de Doutorado em Engenharia Mecânica - COPPE/UFRJ, Engenharia Mecânica, Rio de Janeiro, 2007.